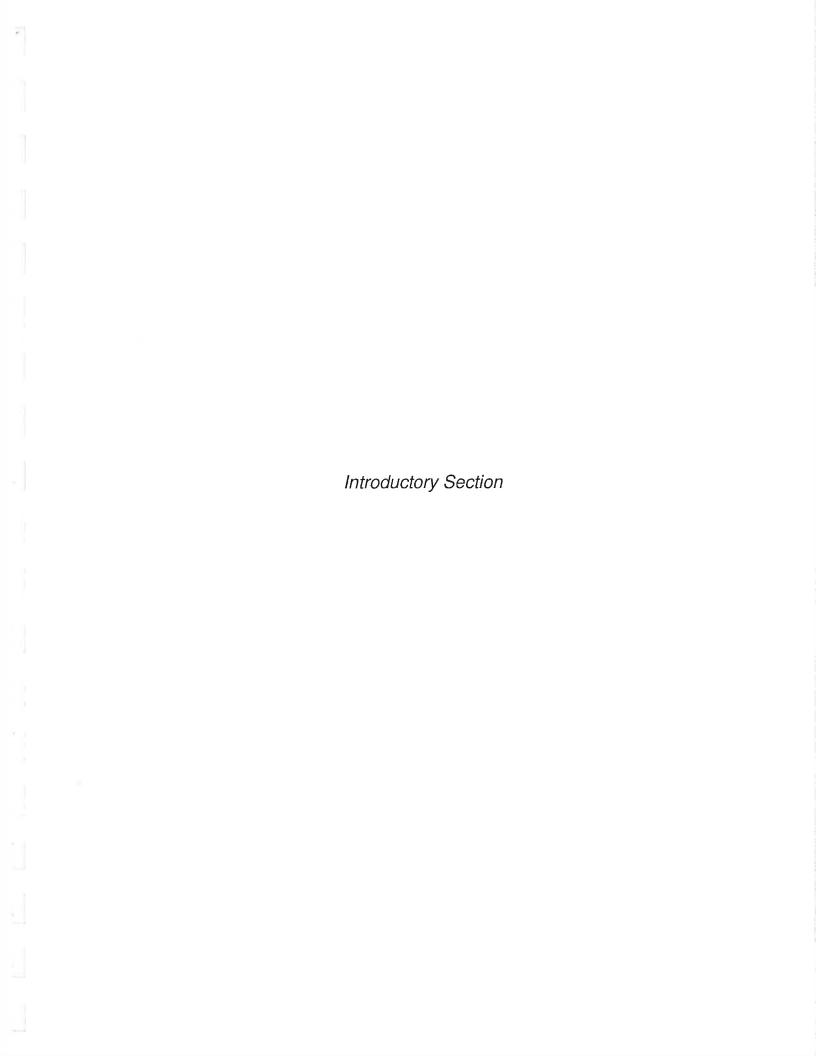
## FORT SAGE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COUNTY OF LASSEN HERLONG, CALIFORNIA

**AUDIT REPORT** 

**JUNE 30, 2019** 



## Fort Sage Unified School District Audit Report For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

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#### Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Fort Sage Unified School District Herlong, California 96113

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Fort Sage Unified School District ("the District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fort Sage Unified School District as of June 30, 2019 and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, and budgetary comparison information and schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of District pension contributions, identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Fort Sage Unified School District's basic financial statements. The individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State's audit guide, 2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810 and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplementary information are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2019 on our consideration of Fort Sage Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Fort Sage Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

SingletonAuman PC

Susanville, CA December 12, 2019

## FORT SAGE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) June 30, 2019

## INTRODUCTION

Our discussion and analysis of Fort Sage Unified School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements (including notes and supplementary information), which follow this section.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- □ Total net position was \$3,545,324 at June 30, 2019. This was an increase of \$239,744 over the prior year.
- Overall revenues were \$3,801,443 which was greater than expenses of \$3,561,699 by \$239,744.
- □ The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$2,549,343 which is a decrease of \$42,736 from last year.
- ☐ The total cost of the District's programs increased by \$298,806 over last year, due to higher instructional costs.
- Other Long-term debt increased by \$339,621 due primarily to an increase in the required net pension liability.

## **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of three parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- Government-wide financial statements, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- □ Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of the District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
  - Governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
  - Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements. A comparison of the district's budget for the year is included.

## **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in enrollment, changes in the property tax base, changes in program funding by the Federal and State governments, and condition of facilities.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Revenue limit funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds-not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devises that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular programs. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that the District is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain revenues. The District has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the government funds statements that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary funds the District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others; for the district, the student body activities fund is an agency fund. The District is responsible for ensuring that assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. We exclude these activities from the district-wide financial statements because the District cannot use the assets to finance its operations.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

#### **Net Position**

The District's combined net position was \$3,545,324 at June 30, 2019. See Table 1-

The significant changes in Table 1 line items for fiscal 2019 vs. 2018 are:

Cash increased from the prior year due careful budgeting.

 Accounts Receivable had a large increase due to a receivable from the School Improvement Grant, and In-Lieu property taxes for the charter school.

Accounts Payable increased as a result of property taxes owed to the charter school.

Unearned revenue increased due to unspent program funds.

Table 1: Net Position

Net Position					Total Percentage
		Governmenta	Change		
,		2019		2018	2019-18
Assets				/	
Cash in County Treasury	\$	4,657,392	\$ 4	,373,743	6.49%
Cash on Hand and in Banks		296		1,534	-80.70%
Cash in Revolving Fund		30,580		5,000	511.60%
Accounts Receivable		534,326		10,250	5112.94%
Other Current Assets		1,457		1,457	0.00%
Prepaid Expenses		<del></del> ?		3,379	100.00%
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated					
Depreciation		1,248,070	1	1,235,404	1.03%
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	6,472,121	\$ 5	5,630,767	
TOTAL ASSLITS					
Deferred Outflow of Resources					
	\$	1,010,328	\$	734,978	37.46%
Deferred Pension Expenses	<u> </u>	1,010,328	\$	734,978	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Ť	1,010,020	_		
Liabilities	\$	428,499	\$	216,083	98.30%
Accounts Payable	Φ	420,499 248,474	Ψ	27,581	800.89%
Unearned Revenue		·	,	2,353,903	14.40%
Net Pension Liability		2,692,956	4	16,254	3.49%
Long-Term Debt	_	16,822	- C (		3.4370
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	3,386,751	<b>3</b>	2,613,821	
Deferred Inflows of Resources					00.040/
Deferred Pension Revenues	_\$	550,374	\$	446,347	23.31%
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	550,374	\$	446,347	
Net Position					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	1,248,070	\$	1,235,404	1.03%
Restricted for Federal and State Programs		183,798		70,238	161.68%
Unrestricted		2,113,456		1,999,935_	5.68%
C.I. Commercial					
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	3,545,324	\$	3,305,577	
IVIALITEITOOMION			-		

## **Changes in Net Position**

The District's total revenues were \$3,801,443. A majority of the revenue comes from LCFF Sources (79.8%). Federal, State and local revenues comprise the remainder. Revenues increased from the prior year by \$459,547, primarily due to an increase in LCFF, local, & state revenues.

The total cost of all programs and services was \$3,561,699. The District's expenses are predominately related to educating and caring for students (75.7%). Administrative activities accounted for (9.3%) of total costs. The remaining expenses were for plant services (maintenance and operations), ancillary services, and other outgo.

Table 2: Changes in Net Position

Changes in Net Position					Total Percentage
		Government	tal Ac	tivities	Change
		2019	2019-2018		
Revenues	-	<del></del>			<del></del>
Program Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$	862	\$	4,706	-81.68%
Operating Grants & Contributions		201,457		121,698	65.54%
General Revenues					
LCFF Sources		3,034,345		2,738,444	10.81%
Federal Revenues		73,608		78,163	-5.83%
State Revenues		337,432		287,858	17.22%
Local Revenues		153,739		111,027	38.47%
TOTAL REVENUES		3,801,443		3,341,896	
Program Expenses					
Instruction		2,120,590		1,848,389	14.73%
Instruction-Related Services		409,060		342,380	19.48%
Pupil Services		167,780		204,923	-18.13%
Ancillary Services		93,407		95,780	-2.48%
General Administration		331,784		328,455	1.01%
Plant Services		400,917		442,966	-9.49%
Other Outgo		38,161			100.00%
TOTAL EXPENSES		3,561,699		3,262,893	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	239,744	\$	79,003	

## **Governmental Activities**

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the District's functions as well as each function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by charges for services, operating grants and capital grants and contributions.

The cost of all government activities this year was \$3,561,699.

Some of the costs were funded by operating grants and contributions \$201,457.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services					Net Cost of Services					
	-	2019		2018		2019		2018			
Instruction	\$	2,120,590	\$	1,848,389	\$	2,068,776	\$	1,813,576			
Instruction-Related Service	,	409,060		342,380		395,498		333,933			
Pupil Services		167,780		204,923		60,438		145,354			
Ancillary Services		93,407		95,780		89,517		93,029			
General Administration		331,784		328,455		318,752		317,176			
Plant Services		400,917		442,966		388,238		433,421			
Other Outgo		38,161				38,161					
TOTAL	\$	3,561,699	\$	3,262,893	\$	3,359,380	\$	3,136,489			
TOTAL	_										

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The overall financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$4,547,078 which is above last year's ending fund balance of \$4,151,699 by \$395,379.

## **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the District revised its annual budget to reflect unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. The final amendment to the budget was approved on November 20, 2019. A schedule of the District's original and final budget amounts compared with actual revenues and expenses is provided in the supplemental section of the audited financial report.

## CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

At June 30, 2019, the District had invested \$1,248,070 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, equipment and vehicles. See Table 4. During the year the District invested in a water heater, 2 evaporative coolers, a new server, HP chrome books for students, computers, and welding equipment. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Table 4
Capital Assets

ouplial / locale		Government	Total Percentage Change	
		2019	2018	2019-2018
Land	\$	101,961	\$ 101,961	0.00%
Work in Progress Buildings Improvements Machinery and Equipment		2,961,083 583,811 495,383	 2,961,083 568,906 406,994 4,038,944	0.00% 2.62% 21.72% 2.56%
Totals at Historical Cost  Total Accumulated Depreciation  NET CAPITAL ASSETS	-\$	4,142,238 (2,894,168) 1,248,070	\$ (2,803,541) 1,235,403	3.23%

For the 2019-20 fiscal year, the District anticipates spending \$46,000 for a new vehicle.

#### **Pension Liabilities**

# Table 5 Net Pension Liability

Net Pension Liability	Proportionat Net Pensio	Total Percentage Change	
	2019	2018	2019-2018
CalSTRS CalPERS	\$ 2,107,434 585,522	\$ 1,787,643 566,260	17.89% 3.40%
TOTAL NET PENSION LIABILITY	\$ 2,692,956	\$ 2,353,903	

## Other Long-Term Debt

At year end, the District had \$16,822 in Other Long-Term Debt, consisting of Compensated Absences, as shown in Table 6.

Table 6 Other Long-Term Debt

Her Long-Term Dobt				Total Percentage
	(	Governmen	Change	
		2019	2018	2019-2018
Compensated Absences		16,822	16,254	3.49%
TOTAL OTHER LONG-TERM DEBT	\$	16,822	\$ 16,254	-

## **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES**

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health:

- The uncertainty of federal and state funding can have a profound impact on the financial health of the District.
- The continuing increases in premiums for health care insurance and worker's compensation could have a significant effect on the future financial health of the District. Health care premiums are predicted to continue to increase into the foreseeable future.
- A possible decrease in ADA may have a significant impact on the District's finances if the District loses a level of small school funding.
- ☐ The inevitable increases in pension contributions which will be needed to pay the unfunded Net Pension Liability will require careful planning and budgeting.
- □ Maintaining leadership at the management level in the District poses challenges for the District.

### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, participants, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact:

Heather Von Ins, Business Manager Fort Sage Unified School District PO Box 35 Herlong, CA 96113 530-827-2129



FORT SAGE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	G	overnmental Activities
ASSETS:		
Cash in County Treasury	\$	4,657,392
Cash on Hand and in Banks		296
Cash in Revolving Fund		30,580
Accounts Receivable		534,326
Stores Inventories		1,457
Capital Assets:		
Land		101,961
Land Improvements, Net		395,055
Buildings, Net		578,889
Equipment, Net		172,165
Total Assets	-	6,472,121
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:  Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pensions  Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,010,328
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts Payable		428,499
Unearned Revenue		248,474
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Net Pension Liability		2,692,956
Due in more than one year		16,822
Total Liabilities		3,386,751
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pensions	_	550,374
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	550,374
NET POSITION: Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,248,070
Restricted For:		
Federal and State Programs		183,798
Unrestricted		2,113,456
Total Net Position	\$	3,545,324
ASSISTABLE AND AND ASSISTABLE AND AS		

Net (Expense)

## FORT SAGE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Program	Revenue	es		Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	 Expenses			G	Operating rants and entributions	G	Sovernmental Activities
Governmental Activities: Instruction Instruction-Related Services Pupil Services Ancillary Services General Administration Plant Services Other Outgo Total Governmental Activities Total Primary Government	\$  2,120,590 409,060 167,780 93,407 331,784 400,917 38,161 3,561,699 3,561,699	\$\$	862      862 862	\$	51,814 13,562 106,480 3,890 13,032 12,679  201,457	\$	(2,068,776) (395,498) (60,438) (89,517) (318,752) (388,238) (38,161) (3,359,380) (3,359,380)
	 es enues ues ues eral Revenues Net Position Beginning					65	3,034,345 73,608 337,432 153,739 3,599,124 239,744 3,305,580 3,545,324

FORT SAGE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		General Fund	_	Charter School Fund		Other Governmental Funds	C	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS: Cash in County Treasury	\$	2,832,812	\$	1,843,559	\$	(18,979)	\$	4,657,392
Cash on Hand and in Banks	Ψ	2,002,012	Ψ		Ψ	296	Ψ	296
Cash in Revolving Fund		30,580				**		30,580
Accounts Receivable		278,214		224,391		31,721		534,326
Due from Other Funds		***		344		23,495		23,495
Stores Inventories				**		1,457		1,457
Total Assets		3,141,606		2,067,950		37,990		5,247,546
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	320,294	\$	108,075	\$	130	\$	428,499
Due to Other Funds	*	23,495	•	144		999		23,495
Unearned Revenue		248,474		***				248,474
Total Liabilities	-	592,263		108,075		130		700,468
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Fund Balances:								
Revolving Cash		30,580		122				30,580
Stores Inventories		(600)		Gene		1,457		1,457
Restricted Fund Balances		94,861		88,937		2,117		185,915
Assigned Fund Balances		43,009		1,870,937		3,802		1,917,748
Unassigned: Other Unassigned		2,380,893		1		<del>er</del> e:		2,380,894
Unassigned, reported in nonmajor: Special Revenue Funds		0240				30,484		30,484
Total Fund Balance		2,549,343		1,959,875	- 5	37,860	-	4,547,078
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	3,141,606	\$	2,067,950	\$	37,990	\$	5,247,546

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$	4,547,078
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.  Payables for compensated absences which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.  Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.  Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plans are not reported in the funds.  Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plans are not reported in the funds.	13	1,248,070 (16,822) (2,692,956) (550,374) 1,010,328
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	\$	3,545,324

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Revenues:	-	General Fund	Y,===	Charter School Fund	(	Other Governmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
LCFF Sources: State Apportionment or State Aid	\$	1,310,599	\$	734,462	\$	200	\$	2,045,061 557,462
Education Protection Account Funds		343,087 219,551		214,375 212,271		200		431,822
Local Sources		107,803		212,271		95,350		203,153
Federal Revenue Other State Revenue		193,260		123,339		41,048		357,647
Other State Nevenue Other Local Revenue		172,134		33,373		791		206,298
Total Revenues	-	2,346,434	-	1,317,820	-	137,189		3,801,443
Expenditures:	7.—	, , , , , ,				<u> </u>	2	
Current:								1 000 011
Instruction		1,215,884		753,697		19,063		1,988,644
Instruction - Related Services		325,624		81,125		07.017		406,749 166,827
Pupil Services		77,535		1,375		87,917		93,407
Ancillary Services		93,407		18,765		2 <del>22</del> 223		331,784
General Administration		313,019 289,120		40,054		-		329,174
Plant Services		27,231		10,930				38,161
Other Outgo		15,355		10,930		35,966		51,321
Capital Outlay	-	2,357,175	_	905,946	-	142,946		3,406,067
Total Expenditures	-	2,337,173	-	903,340	-	142,340		3,400,007
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	(10,741)		411,874		(5,757)	-	395,376
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers In		+=:		( <del>***</del> )		31,995		31,995
Transfers Out		(31,995)				<del>33</del>		(31,995)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(31,995)	_	le:		31,995		44
Net Change in Fund Balance		(42,736)		411,874		26,238		395,376
Fund Balance, July 1		2,592,079 2,549,343	\$	1,548,001 1,959,875	\$	11,622 37,860	8	4,151,702 4,547,078
Fund Balance, June 30	Ψ.	E,040,040	Φ	1100000101		91,1990	5 4000	2.2007.200.90

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	395,376
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because:		
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.  The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.  Compensated absences are reported as the amount earned in the SOA but as the amount paid in the funds Pension contributions made after the measurement date but in current FY were de-expended & reduced NF Pension expense relating to GASB 68 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	L.	103,294 (90,628) (568) (93,484) (74,246)
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities	\$	239,744

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		Agency Fund
		Student Body Fund
ASSETS: Cash on Hand and in Banks Total Assets	\$	10,283 10,283
LIABILITIES: Due to Student Groups Total Liabilities	\$_	10,283 10,283
NET POSITION: Total Net Position	\$_	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Fort Sage Unified School District (District) accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's "California School Accounting Manual". The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

#### Reporting Entity

The District's combined financial statements include the accounts of all its operations. The District evaluated whether any other entity should be included in these financial statements. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the District's reporting entity, as set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in its name)
- the District holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the District is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the District
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the District

The District also evaluated each legally separate, tax-exempt organization whose resources are used principally to provide support to the District to determine if its omission from the reporting entity would result in financial statements which are misleading or incomplete. GASB Statement No. 14 requires inclusion of such an organization as a component unit when: 1) The economic resources received or held by the organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the District, its component units or its constituents; and 2) The District or its component units is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the organization; and 3) Such economic resources are significant to the District.

Based on these criteria, the District has no component units. Additionally, the District is not a component unit of any other reporting entity as defined by the GASB Statement.

#### 2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

#### a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Charter School Fund. This Fund accounts for all financial resources of the Charter School.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Agency Funds: These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Agency funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or agent capacity and are therefore not available to support District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. They are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. The District does not consider revenues collected after its year-end to revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

#### 3. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated as of June 30.

#### 4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

#### Deposits and Investments

Cash balances held in banks and in revolving funds are insured to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Corporation. All cash held by the financial institutions is fully insured or collateralized.

In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all its cash in the Lassen County Treasury. The county pools these funds with those of other districts in the county and invests the cash. These pooled funds are carried at cost, which approximates market value. Interest earned is deposited quarterly into participating funds, except for the Tax Override Funds, in which interest earned is credited to the general fund. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool.

The county is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California Government Code Section 53648 et seq. The funds maintained by the county are either secured by federal depository insurance or are collateralized.

Information regarding the amount of dollars invested in derivatives with Lassen County Treasury was not available.

#### Stores Inventories and Prepaid Expenditures

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. Inventories are valued at average cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Reported inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates that these amounts are not "available for appropriation and expenditure" even though they are a component of net current assets.

The District has the option of reporting an expenditure in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The District has chosen to report the expenditure when incurred.

#### c. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Infrastructure	30
Buildings	50
Building Improvements	20
Vehicles	2-15
Office Equipment	3-15
Computer Equipment	3-15

#### d. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

#### e. Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are recognized as liabilities of the District. The current portion

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

of the liabilities is recognized in the general fund at year end.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken since such benefits do not vest nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

#### f. Uneamed Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

#### g. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

#### h. Property Taxes

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of March 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 15 and March 15. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Lassen bills and collects the taxes for the District.

#### i. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's governing board. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the governing board removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the governing board. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the governing board or by an official or body to which the governing board delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

general fund conveys that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

### Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources is a consumption of net assets or net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources is an acquisition of net assets or net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are recorded in accordance with GASB Statement numbers 63 and 65.

#### GASB 54 Fund Presentation

Consistent with fund reporting requirements established by GASB Statement No. 54, Fund 14 (Deferred Maintenance Fund), Fund 25 (Capital Facilities Fund) and Fund 40 (Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects) are merged with the General Fund for purposes of presentation in the audit report.

#### 7. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the CalPERS Schools Pool Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan (CalPERS Plan) and CalSTRS Schools Pool Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan (CalSTRS Plan) and additions to/deductions from the CalPERS Plan and CalSTRS Plan's fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office and CalSTRS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

GASB 68 requires that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined time frames. For this report, the following time frames are used:

Valuation Date (VD) June 30, 2017

Measurement Date (MD) June 30, 2018

Measurement Period (MP) July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018

#### 8. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### 9. Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The hierarchy is detailed as follows:

Level 1 Inputs: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that a

government can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 Inputs 
Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an

asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 Inputs: Unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

For the current fiscal year the District did not have any recurring or nonrecurring fair value measurements.

#### 10. Implementation of New Standards

In the current fiscal year, the District implemented the following new standards. The applicable provisions of the new standards are summarized below. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

GASB 88 - Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements

The primary objective of this statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt.

This statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. This statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses.

For notes to financial statements related to debt, this Statement also requires that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt.

GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations

This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this statement.

The District does not currently have any AROs and does not expect that implementation of the pronouncement will have an impact on the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

GASB Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61

The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. This Statement also establishes that ownership of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization results in the government being financially accountable for the legally separate organization and, therefore, the government should report that organization as a component unit.

#### B. Compliance and Accountability

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations.

ViolationAction TakenNone reportedNot applicable

2. Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Position of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net position at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

Fund Name Deficit

Amount Remarks

None reported Not applicable

Deficit

Amount Remarks

Not applicable

#### Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

As of June 30, 2019, expenditures exceeded appropriations in individual funds as follows:

Appropriations Category	Excess Expenditur	es
General Fund:		
Employee Benefits	\$ 42,6	
Other Outgo	27,2	231
Adult Education		
Capital Outlay	19,9	966
Cafeteria Fund:		
Classified salaries	8,3	
Employee benefits	3,6	399

General Fund: The District incurred unanticipated expenditures for other outgo. Additionally, the District recognized additional expenditures for benefits funded by SB90, STRS & PERS on behalf revenue.

Adult Education Fund: The District incurred unanticipated expenditures for Capital Outlay.

Cafeteria Fund: The District incurred unanticipated expenditures for inflationary salary increases and new contract services.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### Cash and Investments

#### Cash in County Treasury:

In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the Lassen County Treasury as part of the common investment pool (\$96,345,226 as of June 30, 2019). The fair value of the District's portion of this pool as of that date, as provided by the pool sponsor, was \$4,657,390. Assumptions made in determining the fair value of the pooled investment portfolios are available from the County Treasurer.

#### Cash on Hand, in Banks, and in Revolving Fund

Cash balances on hand and in banks (\$296 as of June 30, 2019) and in the revolving fund (\$30,580) are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation. All cash held by the financial institution is fully insured or collateralized.

#### Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

#### a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The county is restricted by Government Code Section 53635 pursuant to Section 53601 to invest only in time deposits, U.S. government securities, state registered warrants, notes or bonds, State Treasurer's investment pool, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, and repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not exposed to credit risk.

#### b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

#### d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

#### e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### 4. Investment Accounting Policy

The District is required by GASB Statement No. 31 to disclose its policy for determining which investments, if any, are reported at amortized cost. The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

The District's investments in external investment pools are reported in conformity with GASB Statement No. 77 unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

#### E. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases		Ending Balances
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:		•	•	ф	101.001
Land		\$	\$	_ \$_	101,961
Total capital assets not being depreciated	101,961	5 <del>44</del> 1.			101,961
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	2,961,083	924	3445		2,961,083
Improvements	568,906	14,905	-		583,811
Equipment	406,994	88,389	7.55		495,383
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,936,983	103,294	1941		4,040,277
Less accumulated depreciation for:		-	111	= -	
Buildings	(2,346,356)	(35,838)	100001		(2,382,194)
Improvements	(166,124)	(22,632)	- 77		(188,756)
Equipment	(291,060)	(32,158)	-		(323,218)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,803,540)	(90,628)			(2,894,168)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,133,443	12,666	1,000		1,146,109
Governmental activities capital assets, net	1,235,404	\$ 12,666	\$	\$_	1,248,070

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 16,071
Instruction-Related Services	2,311
Pupil Services	953
Plant Services	71,293
	\$ 90,628

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### F. Interfund Balances and Activities

1. Due To and From Other Funds

#### 2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds at June 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

Transfers From	Transfers To	 Amount	Reason
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 31,995	Supplement other funds sources
	Total	\$ 31,995	

#### G. Long-Term Obligations

#### 1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2019, are as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:	ď.	2,353,903 \$	339,053	¢	750	\$	2,692,956	
Net Pension Liability Compensated absences *	Φ	16,254	568	Ψ	194	Ψ	16,822	16,822
Total governmental activities	\$_	2,370,157 \$	339,621	\$_		_\$_	2,709,778 \$	16,822

<sup>\*</sup> Other long-term liabilities

The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

Liability	Activity Type	Fund		
Compensated absences	Governmental	General		

## H. Commitments Under Noncapitalized Leases

Commitments under operating (noncapitalized) lease agreements for facilities and equipment provide for minimum future rental payments as of June 30, 2019, as follows:

Year Ending June 30, 2020 2021 Total Minimum Rentals	\$ \$	15,938 12,455 31,072
Rental Expenditure for June 30, 2019	\$	15,938

The District will receive no sublease rental revenues nor pay any contingent rentals associated with these leases.

## I. Joint Ventures (Joint Powers Agreements)

The District participates in six Joint Powers Agreements (JPA's). (1) The Northern California Schools Insurance Group, (2) The Schools Excess Liability Fund, (3) The Northern California Regional Excess Liability Fund for Workers Compensation Insurance (4) The North Valley Insurance Group for Workers Compensation, (5) the California Valued Trust for Dental, Vision and Life Insurance, (6) the Tri-County Schools Insurance Group for Medical

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### Insurance

An executive committee consisting of representatives from each member's District governs the JPA's. The governing boards control the operations of their JPA's, independent of any influence by the District beyond the District's representation on the governing boards.

The JPA's are independently accountable for their fiscal matters. The insurance groups maintain their own accounting records. The budget is not subject to any approval other than that of the executive committee. The relationship between the District and the JPA's is such that the JPA's are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

#### J. Pension Plans

#### General Information About the Pension Plans

#### a. Plan Descriptions

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and Local Government resolution. Support by the State for the CalSTRS plan is such that the plan has a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68. CalSTRS and CalPERS issue publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on their respective websites.

#### b. <u>Benefits Paid</u>

CalSTRS and CalPERS provide service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 62 for normal benefits or at age 55 with statutorily reduced benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2013 are eligible to retire at age 60 for normal benefits or at age 55 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. All members are eligible for death benefits after one year of total service.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2019 are summarized as follows:

	CalSTRS	
	Before	On or After
Hire Date	Jan. 1, 2013	Jan. 1, 2013
Benefit Formula	2% at 60	2% at 62**
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 Years	5 Years
Benefit Payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life
Retirement Age	55-60	55-62
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.1 - 2.4%	1.0 - 2.4%*
Required Employee Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2019)	10.250%	10.205%
Required Employer Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2019)	16.280%	16.280%
Required State Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2019)	14.772%	14.772%

<sup>\*</sup>Amounts are limited to 120% of Social Security Wage Base.

<sup>\*\*</sup>The rate imposed on CalSTRS 2% at 62 members is based on the normal cost of benefits.

	CalPERS	
	Before	On or After
Hire Date	Jan. 1, 2013	Jan. 1, 2013
Benefit Formula	2% at 55	2% at 62**
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 Years	5 Years

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Benefit PaymentsMonthly for LifeMonthly For LifeRetirement Age50-6252-67Monthly Benefits as a % of Eligible Compensation1.1- 2.5%1.0- 2.5%Required Employee Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2019)7.000%7.000%Required Employer Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2019)18.062%18.062%

#### c. Contributions

#### **CalSTRS**

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 (measurement date June 30, 2018), Section 22950 of the California Education code requires members to contribute monthly to the system 10.205% (if hired prior to January 1, 2013) or 10.25% (if hired on or after January 1, 2013) of the creditable compensation upon which members' contributions under this part are based. In addition, the employer required rates established by the CalSTRS Board have been established at 16.28% of creditable compensation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 Rates are defined in Section 22950.5 through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Beginning in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 and for each fiscal year thereafter, the CalSTRS Board has the authority to increase or decrease percentages paid specific to reflect the contribution required to eliminate by June 30, 2046, the remaining unfunded actuarial obligation with respect to service credited to members before July 1, 2014, as determined by the Board based upon a recommendation from its actuary.

#### **CalPERS**

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The CalPERS Board retains the authority to amend contribution rates. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of the employees. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 (measurement date June 30, 2018) the employee contribution rate was 7.00% and employer contribution rate was 18.062% of covered payroll.

#### On Behalf Payments

Consistent with Section 22955.1 of the California Education Code, the State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of employees working for the District. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 (measurement date June 30, 2018) the State contributed 14.772% of salaries creditable to CalSTRS. The contributions made by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 included amounts resulting from Senate Bill (SB) 90 settlement in which the State contributed an additional \$2.2 Billion to CalSTRS on behalf of the Districts during the 2018-19 fiscal year in order to reduce contribution rates for Districts in 2019-20 and 2020-21. The contribution resulting from SB 90 made up 42% of the total contributions made by the State on behalf of the District. Consistent with the requirements of GASB 85, the District has recorded these contributions as revenue and expense in the fund financial statements (current financial resources measurement focus). The government-wide financial statements have recorded revenue and expense for pension expense paid on behalf of the District (economic resources measurement focus). Contributions reported for on behalf payments are based on the District's proportionate share of the State's contribution for the fiscal year.

Contributions made by the State on behalf of the District and the State's pension expense associated with District employees for the the past three fiscal years are as follows:

CalSTRS			
	On Behalf	On Behalf	On Behalf
Year Ended	Contribution	Contribution	Pension

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

June 30,	Rate	Amount	Expense
2017	7.470% \$	76,350 \$	100,313
2018	8.292%	100,918	100,314
2019	14.772%	160,606	164,261
CalPERS			
	On Behalf	On Behalf	On Behalf
Year Ended	Contribution	Contribution	Pension
June 30,	Rate	Amount	Expense
2019	6.568% \$	19,798 \$	19,798

#### d. Contributions Recognized

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 (measurement period June 30, 2018), the contributions recognized for each plan were:

		Fund	Financial Staten	nents
	(0	Current Financial	Resources Mea	surement Focus)
		CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total
Contributions - Employer	\$	177,006 \$	54,448	\$ 231,454
Contributions - State On Behalf Payments		160,606	19,798	180,404
Total Contributions	\$	337,612 \$	74,246	\$ 411,858
	Government-Wide Financial Statements			
		(Economic Re	sources Measur	ement Focus)
		CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total
Contributions - Employer	\$	175,613 \$	45,469	\$ 221,082
Contributions - State On Behalf Payments		160,606	19,798	180,404
Total Contributions	\$	336,219 \$	65,267	\$ 401,486

## 2. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2019, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of each plan as follows:

	F	Proportionate Share of Net	
	5		
	Pe	nsion Liability	
CalSTRS	\$	2,107,434	
CalPERS		585,522	
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	2,692,956	

The District's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the total net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, as actuarially determined.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2019 were as follows:

	District's State's		Total For	
	Proportionate	Proportionate	District	
	Share	Share	Employees	CalPERS
Proportion June 30, 2018	0.0019%	0.0011%	0.0031%	0.0024%
Proportion June 30, 2019	0.0023%	0.0013%	0.0036%	0.0022%
Change in Proportion	0.0004%	0.0002%	0.0005%	-0.0002%

#### a. Pension Expense

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2018 (fiscal year June 30, 2019), pension expense was recognized as follows:

		CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total
Change in Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	319,791 \$	19,263 \$	339,054
State On Behalf Pension Expense		164,261	19,798	184,059
Employer Contributions to Pension Expense		177,006	54,448	231,454
(Increase)/Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Employer Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date		98,921	(8,979)	89,942
Difference Between Actual & Expected Experience		1,744	(21,098)	(19,354)
Change in Assumptions		77,274	14,150	91,424
Change in Proportionate Shares		(192,269)	14,576	(177,693)
Net Difference Between Projected & Actual Earnings		71	40,455	40,526
Increase/(Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Difference Between Actual & Expected Experience		1,723	355 355	1,723
Change in Assumptions		••	(7,165)	(7,165)
Change in Proportionate Shares		(80,918)	12,221	(68,697)
Net Difference Between Projected & Actual Earnings		29,072	3,097	32,169
Total Pension Expense	\$_	596,676 \$	140,766 \$	737,442

#### b. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources			
	CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total
\$	177,006 \$	54,448 \$	231,454
	4,898	51,319	56,217
	231,820	74,075	305,895
	338,937	14,576	353,513
	141	63,108	63,249
\$	752,802 \$	257,526 \$	1,010,328
	Deferred	Inflows of Resour	ces
	CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total
\$	(1,723)\$	\$	(1,723)
	55	(7,165)	(7,165)
	(202,211)	(94,580)	(296,791)
	(198,691)	(46,004)	(244,695)
Ф	(402.625)\$	(147,749)\$	(550,374)
	\$	CalSTRS \$ 177,006 \$ 4,898 231,820 338,937 141 \$ 752,802 \$   Deferred CalSTRS \$ (1,723) \$ - (202,211) (198,691)	CalSTRS         CalPERS           \$ 177,006 \$ 54,448 \$ 4,898 51,319           231,820 74,075           338,937 14,576           141 63,108           \$ 752,802 \$ 257,526 \$           Deferred Inflows of Resour           CalSTRS CalPERS           \$ (1,723) \$ - \$           - (7,165)           (202,211)         (94,580)           (198,691)         (46,004)

Pension contributions made subsequent to measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources will be

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

recognized as a portion of pension expense in the year ended June 30, 2020. The remaining amounts reported as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as an increase or decrease to pension expense over a five year period. Pension expense resulting from deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as follows:

Year Ended	[	Deferred Outflows	of Resources	Deferred Inflows	Net Effect	
June 30	-	CalSTRS	CalPERS	CalSTRS	CalPERS	on Expenses
2020	\$	395,828 \$	153,103 \$	(141,755)\$	(51,142)\$	356,034
2021		145,356	59,614	(141,541)	(43,977)	19,452
2022		145,218	34,696	(101,003)	(40,770)	38,141
2023		66,400	10,113	(18,326)	(11,860)	46,327
2024			(Mex)		e:	(99)
Total	\$	752,802 \$_	257,526 \$	(402,625)\$	(147,749)\$	459,954

#### Actuarial Assumptions

Total pension liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 were based on actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	CalSTRS	CalPERS
Fiscal Year	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2019
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2018
Valuation Date	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Discount Rate	7.10%	7.15%
Inflation	2.75%	2.5%
Wage Growth	3.50%	(3)
Investment Rate of Return	7.10%	7.15%
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	(1)	(4)
Mortality	(2)	(5)

- (1) CalSTRS post retirement benefit increases assumed at 2% simple for DB (annually) maintaining 85% purchasing power level for DB. Increases are not applicable for DBS/CBB.
- (2) CalSTRS projects mortality by setting the projection scale equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2016) table issued by the Society of Actuaries.
- (3) Wage growth is a component of inflation for CalPERS assumptions.
- (4) CalPERS post retirement benefit increases assumes 2.00% until PPPA floor on purchasing power applies, 2.50% thereafter.
- (5) CalPERS mortality table was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvement using the Society of Actuaries 90% of scale MP-2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### d. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10% for CalSTRS and 7.15% for CalPERS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members, employers, and state contributing agencies (where applicable) will be made at statutory contribution rates. To determine whether the District bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalSTRS and CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current discount rates are adequate and the use of the District bond rate calculation is not necessary for either plan. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS and CalSTRS respective websites.

The CalPERS discount rate was increased from 7.50% to 7.65% at measurement date June 30, 2015 (Fiscal year June 30, 2016) to correct for an adjustment to exclude administrative expenses. Subsequently CalPERS discount rate was decreased from 7.65% to 7.15% at measurement date June 30, 2017 (Fiscal year June 30, 2018) to adjust for changes resulting from actuarially determined amounts.

The CalSTRS discount rate was adjusted from 7.60% to 7.10% for measurement date June 30, 2017 (Fiscal year June 30, 2018) to adjust for changes resulting from a new actuarial experience study.

According to Paragraph 30 of GASB Statement No. 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The investment return assumption used in the accounting valuations is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability. CalSTRS and CalPERS checked the materiality threshold for the difference in calculation and did not find it to be a material difference.

CalSTRS and CalPERS are scheduled to review actuarial assumptions as part of their regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle. The last ALM completed by CalSTRS was conducted in 2015. CalSTRS is in process of completing the next ALM and expects to complete the process by November 2019. CalPERS completed their ALM in 2018 with new policies in effect on July 1, 2018. Both CalSTRS and CalPERS conduct new ALM's every 4 years.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalSTRS and CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest quarter of one percent.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The tables below reflect the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS		
	Assumed	Long Term
	Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return*
Global Equity	47.00%	6.30%
Fixed Income	12.00%	0.30%
Real Estate	13.00%	5.20%
Private Equity	13.00%	9.30%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	9.00%	2.90%
Inflation Sensitive	4.00%	3.80%
Cash/Liquidity	2.00%	-1.00%

\*20 year average

0-1	$\overline{}$		
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	Assumed	Real Return	Real Return
	Asset	Years	Years
Asset Class*	Allocation	1-10**	11+***
Global Equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	==	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%		-0.92%

<sup>\*</sup> In the Basic Financial Statements, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-Term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities

#### e. Sensitivity to Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	-	CalSTRS	CalPERS	
1% Decrease Net Pension Liability	\$	6.10% 3,085,788	\$	6.15% 852,493
Current Discount Rate Net Pension Liability	\$	7.10% 2,107,434	\$	7.15% 585,522
1% Increase Net Pension Liability	\$	8.10% 1,294,591	\$	8.15% 364,033

<sup>\*\*</sup> An expected inflation rate of 2.00% used for this period

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> An expected inflation rate of 2.92% used for this period

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

## f. Total Pension Liability, Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position and Net Pension Liability

			101 24 Feb. (\$1.0)
CALCT	DC	Government	al Antivitine
1 1	13.3 -	CHOVERDINE	

CalSTRS - Governmental Act	ovine:	9	lear	/Desesse	e e	
				ease (Decrease	State's Share	District's Share
		Total	Plan	Net		MUNICIPAL SELECTION SELECT
		Pension	Fiduciary	Pension	of Net Pension	of Net Pension
		Liability	Net Position	Liability	Liability	Liability
	-	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	(c)	(a) - (b) - (c)
Balance at June 30, 2018						
(Previously Reported)	\$	9,328,348 \$	6,479,032 \$	2,849,316 \$	1,061,673	1,787,643
Changes for the year:						
CalSTRS Auditor Adjustment			(18,367)	18,367	6,698	11,669
Change in Prop share		1,598,626	1,110,331	488,295	155,367	332,928
Service Cost		257,683	200-20 200-20	257,683	93,989	163,694
Interest		775,576	<del>200</del> 2	775,576	282,887	492,689
Differences between						
expected and actual						
experience		(3,392)	346	(3,392)	(1,237)	(2,155)
Contributions:						
Employer		**	175,589	(175,589)	(64,045)	(111,544)
Employee		***	126,145	(126,145)	(46,011)	(80,134)
State On Behalf Payments		**	100,904	(100,904)	(36,804)	(64,100)
Net Investment Income		855	673,741	(673,741)	(245,744)	(427,997)
Other Income		**	3,794	(3,794)	(1,384)	(2,410)
Benefit Payments, including						
refunds of employee		(504.404)	(504.404)			
contributions		(524,484)	(524,484)	7 700	2,844	4.050
Administrative expenses		22	(7,796)	7,796	, -	4,952
Borrowing Costs			(3,401)	3,401	1,240	2,161
Other Expenses	-		(61)	61	22	39
Net Changes		2,104,009	1,636,395	467,614	147,823	319,791
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$	11,432,357	8,115,427_\$	3,316,930 \$	1,209,496_\$	2,107,434

### CalPERS - Governmental Activities

Can allo do difficiente	Increase (Decrease)			
		Total	Plan	Net
		Pension	Fiduciary	Pension
		Liability	Net Position	Liability
	-	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	2,013,141 \$	1,446,882 \$	566,259
(Previously Reported)				
Changes for the year:				
Change in Proportionate Share		(149,373)	(107,357)	(42,016)
Service Cost		47,712	++	47,712
Interest		135,399	275	135,399
Differences between expected and				
actual experience		40,690	<del>**</del>	40,690
Change in Assumptions		9,883	***	9,883
Contributions:				
Employer		#	45,475	(45,475)
Employee			20,927	(20,927)
Net Investment Income		300	111,888	(111,888)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

> Plan to Plan Resource Movement Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expenses Other expenses Net Changes

-	(4 695)	(3,855)	3,855 19,263
_	(4,695)	(23,958)	19,263
\$	2,008,446 \$	1,422,924 \$	585,522

Balance at June 30, 2019

### K. Commitments and Contingencies

#### Litigation

The District is not currently involved in litigation. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending will not have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### State and Federal Allowances, Awards, and Grants

The District has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to view and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursement will not be material.

#### L. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events were evaluated through December 12, 2019, the date that the financial statements were available to be issued.

Required Supplementary Information		
Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures required Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.	by the	Governmental

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Revenues:	0	Budgeteo riginal	d Am	ounts Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
LCFF Sources: State Apportionment or State Aid Education Protection Account Funds Local Sources Federal Revenue	\$ 1	,361,120 261,028 201,865 61,257	\$	1,366,616 317,834 235,831 110,716	\$	1,310,599 343,087 219,551 107,803	\$	(56,017) 25,253 (16,280) (2,913)
Other State Revenue Other Local Revenue Total Revenues	2	144,239 64,350 ,093,859	/ <u></u>	175,318 126,226 2,332,541		193,260 172,134 2,346,434	=	17,942 45,908 13,893
Expenditures: Current: Certificated Salaries		706,317		829,757		760,451		69,306
Classified Salaries Employee Benefits Books And Supplies Services And Other Operating Expenditures		347,036 486,422 206,919 610,871		491,022 536,988 476,430 612,431		331,710 579,608 184,026 458,794		159,312 (42,620) 292,404 153,637
Other Outgo Capital Outlay Total Expenditures		4,000		117,037	-	27,231 15,355 2,357,175		(27,231) 101,682 706,490
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	- (	(267,706)	-	(731,124)		(10,741)	<u> </u>	720,383
Other Financing Sources (Uses):  Transfers In  Transfers Out  Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		9,443 (95,004) (85,561)	=	9,443 (135,492) (126,049)		(31,995) (31,995)	=	(9,443) 103,497 94,054
Net Change in Fund Balance	(	(353,267)		(857,173)		(42,736)		814,437
Fund Balance, July 1 Fund Balance, June 30	\$ (	 353,267)	\$	- (857,173)	\$	2,592,079 2,549,343	\$_	2,592,079 3,406,516

CHARTER SCHOOL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Revenues:	Budgete Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
LCFF Sources: State Apportionment or State Aid Education Protection Account Funds	\$ 684,154 151,398	\$ 797,018 199,742	\$ 734,462 214,375	\$ (62,556) 14,633
Local Sources Other State Revenue	178,685 44,489 6,000	216,417 163,621 6,000	212,271 123,339 33,373	(4,146) (40,282) 27,373
Other Local Revenue Total Revenues	1,064,726	1,382,798	1,317,820	(64,978)
Expenditures:				
Current: Certificated Salaries	526,946	526,946	421,692	105,254
Classified Salaries	63,812	73,812	65,259	8,553
Employee Benefits	243,051	243,172	188,288	54,884
Books And Supplies	137,941	273,819	118,419	155,400
Services And Other Operating Expenditures	153,435	197,935	101,358	96,577
Other Outgo	38,487	37,755	10,930	26,825
Total Expenditures	1,163,672	1,353,439	905,946	447,493
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(98,946)	29,359	411.874	382,515
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		====		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(98,946)	29,359	411,874	382,515
Fund Balance, July 1			1,548,001	1,548,001
Fund Balance, June 30	\$(98,946)	\$ 29,359	\$ 1,959,875	\$ 1,930,516

FORT SAGE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS '

				Fiscal Year		
	H	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.002%	0.002%	0.002%	0.003%	0.002%
State's proportion of the net" pension liability (asset)		0.001%	0.001%	0.001%	0.001%	0.002%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	↔	2,106,508 \$	1,787,643 \$	1,765,637 \$	1,672,326 \$	1,391,965
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District		1,209,496	1,061,673	1,009,537	890,106	847,504
Total	69	3,316,004 \$	2,849,316 \$	2,775,174 \$	2,562,432 \$	2,239,469
District's covered-employee payroll	G	1,216,999 \$	1,022,019 \$	1,084,399 \$	1,147,759 \$	1,055,467
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		173.09%	174.91%	162.82%	145.70%	131.88%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	e ĝ	70.99%	69.46%	70.04%	74.02%	76.52%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

FORT SAGE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

			ш	Fiscal Year		
	ŀ	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	ь	177,006 \$	175,613 \$	128,570 \$	116,356 \$	101,921
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(177,006)	(175,613)	(128,570)	(116,356)	(101,921)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	₩	es		ee	\$	ï
District's covered-employee payroll	↔	1,087,260 \$	1,216,999 \$	1,022,019 \$	1,084,399 \$	1,147,759
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		16.28%	14.43%	12.58%	10.73%	8.88%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

FORT SAGE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		L.	Fiscal Year		
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.002%	0.002%	0.003%	0.003%	0.002%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	585,522 \$	566,259 \$	559,394 \$	433,528 \$	277,764
District's covered-employee payroll \$	292,763 \$	304,666 \$	342,990 \$	327,075 \$	257,758
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	200.00%	185.86%	163.09%	132.55%	107.76%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.85%	71.87%	73.90%	79.43%	83.38%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

FORT SAGE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS:

				300		
		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	€	54,448 \$	45,469 \$	42,312 \$	40,634 \$	38,500
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(54,448)	(45,469)	(42,312)	(40,634)	(38,500)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	es	ь   	φ 		φ    -	*
District's covered-employee payroll	69	301,451 \$	292,763 \$	304,666 \$	342,990 \$	327,075
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		18.06%	15.53%	13.89%	11.85%	11.77%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

ADULT EDUCATION FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budget	. ia <del>aaaa</del>	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:						(00.100)
Other State Revenue	\$	129,960	\$	31,534	\$	(98,426)
Total Revenues	_	129,960	Autoria	31,534		(98,426)
Expenditures: Current:						
Certificated Salaries		30,000		10,500		19,500
Employee Benefits		4,674		3,664		1,010
Books And Supplies		74,998		3,660		71,338
Services And Other Operating Expenditures		1,000		1,239		(239)
Direct Support/Indirect Costs		3,288		<del>-</del>		3,288
Capital Outlay		16,000		35,966		(19,966)
Total Expenditures		129,960		55,029		74,931
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	S		-	(23,495)	_	(23,495)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers In		<del></del>		23,495		23,495
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	**.		23,495		23,495
Net Change in Fund Balance						140
Fund Balance, July 1					vi. 1 (pr. 24) uzbaz - 1974	U <del>22</del> 71
Fund Balance, June 30	\$		\$		\$	

CAFETERIA FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	A 45.000 D	oc aco	Φ E0.2E0
Federal Revenue	\$ 45,000	95,350	\$ 50,350
Other State Revenue	4,000	9,514 724	5,514
Other Local Revenue	2,030		(1,306)
Total Revenues	51,030	105,588	54,558
Expenditures: Current:			
Classified Salaries	23,201	31,552	(8,351)
Employee Benefits	5,755	9,454	(3,699)
Books And Supplies	76,500	46,911	29,589
Direct Support/Indirect Costs	1,012		1,012
Total Expenditures	106,468	87,917	18,551
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(55,438)	17,671	73,109
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers In	55,438	8,500	(46,938)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	55,438	8,500	(46,938)
Net Change in Fund Balance		26,171	26,171
Fund Balance, July 1	<u>-</u>	7,887	7,887
Fund Balance, June 30	\$		\$ 34,058

Other Supplementary Information  This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is
required by other entities.

LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2019

The District was established in 1987 and its size is approximately 240 square miles located in Lassen County of Northern California. The boundaries of the District did not change during the fiscal year. The District consists of four schools: one elementary school, one intermediate school, one high school, and one charter school

Governing Board					
Name	Office	Term and Term Expiration			
Claire Schumacher	President	4 Years Expiring on 12/07/22			
Brian Schmidle	Member	4 Years Expiring on 12/07/22			
Janice Gotcher	Gotcher Member				
Timothy Jobbins	Member	4 Years Expiring on 12/04/20			
Mike Everett	Member	2 Years Expiring on 12/07/20			
	Administration				
	Christopher Bonn - Superintendent				
	Heather Von Ins - Business Manage	er			

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### Fort Sage Unified School District

	Second Perio	od Report	Annual R	eport
	Original	Revised	Original	Revised
TK/K-3: Regular ADA	44.83	51.34	50.84	50.84
TK/K-3 Totals	44.83	51.34	50.84	50.84
Grades 4-6:				
Regular ADA	20.90	20.94	20.73	20.73
Grades 4-6 Totals	20.90	20.94	20.73	20.73
Grades 7 and 8:	40.00	40.04	10.50	10.52
Regular ADA	16.83	16.81	10.52 10.52	10.52
Grades 7 and 8 Totals	16.83	16.81	10.52	10.52
Grades 9-12:	40.74	40.67	42.04	42.04
Regular ADA	42.71	42.67	42.04	42.04
Grades 9-12 Totals	42.71	42.67	42.04	42.04
ADA Totals	125.27	131.76	124.13	124.13
	Second Peri		Annual R	
	Original	Revised	Original	Revised
TK/K-3:	40.50	18.53	18.83	18.83
Regular ADA - Classroom Based	18.53 18.53	18.53	18.83	18.83
TK/K-3 Totals	10.53	16.55	10.00	10.00
Grades 4-6:	00.00	22.98	23.27	23.27
Regular ADA - Classroom Based	22.98 22.98	22.98	23.27	23.27
Grades 4-6 Totals	22.90	22.30	20.27	20.21
Grades 7 and 8:	27.76	27.76	28.04	28.04
Regular ADA - Classroom Based	27.76	27.76	28.04	28.04
Grades 7 and 8 Totals	21.10	27,70		
Grades 9-12:	56.09	56.09	56.10	56.10
Regular ADA - Classroom Based	56.09	56.09	56.10	56.10
Grades 9-12 Totals				175.000.000.000.000
ADA Totals	125.36	125.36	126.24	126.24

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the district or charter school. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts and charter schools. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Grade Level	Ed. Code 46207 Minutes Requirement	2017-2018 Actual Minutes	Number of Days Traditional Calendar	Number of Days Multitrack Calendar	Status
Transitional Kindergarten	36,000	58,560	180	N/A	Complied
Kindergarten	36,000	58,560	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 1	50,400	54,960	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	54,960	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	54,960	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 4	54,000	54,960	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	54,960	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 6	54,000	54,960	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 7	54,000	65,760	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	65,760	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 9	64,800	65,760	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 10	64,800	65,760	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 11	64,800	65,760	180	N/A	Complied
Grade 12	64,800	65,760	180	N/A	Complied

The charter school included in this audit report conforms to the above Schedule of Instructional Time offered.

School districts and charter schools must maintain their instructional minutes as defined in Education Code Section 46207. This schedule is required of all districts, including basic aid districts.

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instruction time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46200 through 46206. The District met its target funding.

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budget 2020						
General Fund	-	(see note 1)	_	2019		2019	_	2018
Revenues and other financial sources	\$	2,094,159	\$_	2,346,434	\$_	2,247,499	\$	2,448,336
Expenditures		2,444,606		2,357,175		2,362,789		2,380,975
Other uses and transfers out	-	(2,217)	_	31,995	-	9,443	_	(19,972)
Total outgo	-	2,442,389		2,389,170	_	2,372,232	-	2,361,003
Change in fund balance (deficit)		(348,230)	_	(42,736)	-	(124,733)	_	87,333
Ending fund balance	\$	202,989	\$_	2,655,188	\$_	2,697,924	\$	2,697,924
Available reserves (see note 2)	\$	1,615,279	\$_	2,411,378	\$_	1,965,369	\$	2,219,174
Available reserves as a percentage of total outgo (see note 3)	-	66.1%		100.9%	=	82.8%		94.0%
Total long-term debt	\$_	2,709,778	\$_	2,709,778	\$_	2,353,903	\$_	2,324,716
Average daily attendance at P-2		251	=	257	=	237	-	238

This schedule discloses the district's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the district's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

#### NOTES:

- 1 Budget 2020 is included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.
- 2 Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances and all funds reserved for economic uncertainties contained within the General Fund.
- 3 The 2020 budget does not include funds that were combined with the general fund for audit reporting purpose.

RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

June 30, 2019, annual financial and budget report fund balances	\$_	General Fund 2,486,710	\$ Deferred Maintenance Fund 8,004
Adjustments and reclassifications:			
Increasing (decreasing) the fund balance:			
* Reclassification for financial statement presentation		43,009	(8,004)
Net adjustments and reclassifications	-	43,009	(8,004)
June 30, 2019, audited financial statement fund balances	\$_	2,529,719	\$ 
June 30, 2019, annual financial and budget report fund balance  Adjustments and reclassifications:  Increase (decrease) in fund balance:	- \$_	Capital Facilities Fund 35,001	\$ Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Fund
* Resclassification for financial statement presentation		(35,001)	(4)
Net adjustments and reclassifications	7_	(35,001)	(4)
June 30, 2019, audited financial statement fund balances	\$_	<u> </u>	\$ *

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balances of all funds as reported on the SACS report to the audited financial statements. Funds that required no adjustment are not presented.

<sup>\*</sup>This audit reclassification is made for financial statement purposes only; pursuant to GASB Statement 54 which, when applied, does not recongize these funds as special revenue fund types. Therefore, the fund balances are consolidated with the General Fund. However, the District is permitted under current State law to account for these funds as special revenue fund types for interim reporting and budgeting purposes.

SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 **TABLE D-5** 

The following charter schools are chartered by Fort Sage Unified School District.

Charter Schools

Mt. Lassen Charter School

Mt. Lassen Charter School

Yes

Charter School

Number:

1185







Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees Fort Sage Unified School District Herlong, California 96113

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fort Sage Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Fort Sage Unified School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2019.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Fort Sage Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fort Sage Unified School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fort Sage Unified School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal controll that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enought to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2019-001 and 2019-002 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

**Chester:** 

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Fort Sage Unified School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Fort Sage Unified School District's Response to Findings

Fort Sage Unified School District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Fort Sage Unified School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

SingletonAuman PC

Susanville, CA December 12, 2019



### Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance

**Board of Trustees** Fort Sage Unified School District Herlong, California 96113

Members of the Board of Trustees:

#### Report on State Compliance

We have audited the District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State California Code of Regulations, Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, Compliance Section 19810 that could have a direct and matterial effects on each of the District's State programs identified below for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

#### Management's Responsibility for State Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each applicable program as identified in the State's audit guide, 2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the State's audit guide, 2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810. Those standards and audit quide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the state programs noted below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with those requirements.

Chester:

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

Procedures in Audit Guide Performed?

N/A

#### Compliance Requirements

LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCIES	
OTHER THAN CHARTER SCHOOLS:	
Attendance Accounting:	
Attendance Reporting	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	Yes
Continuation Education	N/A
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	N/A
GANN Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	N/A
Middle or Early College High Schools	N/A
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	N/A
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	N/A
SCHOOL DISTRICTS, COUNTY OFFICES OF	
EDUCATION, AND CHARTER SCHOOLS:	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After School Education and Safety Program;	
After School	N/A
Before School	N/A
General Requirements	N/A
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	Yes
CHARTER SCHOOLS:	
Attendance	Yes
Mode of Instruction	N/A
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	Yes
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction	Yes
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	N/A

Charter School Facility Grant Program

The term "N/A" is used above to mean either the District did not offer the program during the current fiscal year or the program applies to a different type of local education agency.

#### Opinion on State Compliance

In our opinion, Fort Sage Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the statutory requirements listed in the schedule above for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### **Other Matters**

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance with the statutory requirements for programs noted above, which are required to be reported in accordance with the State's audit guide, 2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810 and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2019-003.

#### Fort Sage Unified School District's Response to Findings

Fort Sage Unified School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Fort Sage Unified School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion of the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance outside of the items tested as noted above. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with the 2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810 in considering the entity's compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Susanville, CA

December 12, 2019

SingletonAuman PC



SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### A. Summary of Auditor's Results

1.	Financial Statements		
	Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified	
	Internal control over financial reporting:		
	One or more material weaknesses identified?	X Yes	No
	One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	X None Reported
	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	X No
2.	State Awards		
	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported accordance with the state's Guide for Annual Audits of K-1. Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting	2	No
	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for state programs:	Unmodified	

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### B. Yellow Book/Financial Statement Findings

Internal Control - Material Weakness

Finding 2019-001 Lack of Segregation of Duties (CDDC#30000)

Criteria upon which audit finding is based (Legal Citation)

Yellow Book paragraphs 5.10 - 5.14 and Appendix I, SAS No. 109.

#### Finding (Condition)

An inadequate segregation of duties exists.

Amount of Questioned costs, How Computed and Prevalence

None.

#### Effect

The District has exposure to risk of financial statement misstatement and the potential risk of fraud.

#### Cause

Due to the number of personnel assigned to duties that involve access to the general ledger and other accounting records and who also have custody of and responsibility for handling cash and other assets, an inadequate segregation of duties exists.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the District employees and Board maintain diligence for the potential risks of not having an adequate segregation of duties.

### District's Response

The District concurs with this finding.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### B. Yellow Book/Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

#### Internal Control - Material Weakness

#### Finding 2019-002 Financial Reporting (CDDC#30000)

#### Criteria upon which audit finding is based (Legal Citation)

In accordance with Statement on Auditing Standards No. 122 (SAS 122) the Organization is responsible for preparing complete and accurate financial statements and footnote disclosures in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).

#### Finding (Condition)

Similar to many other small school districts, the District does not have policies and procedures in place to ensure that complete and accurate financial statements, MD&A and footnote disclosures are prepared in accordance with GAAP prior to the annual audit. Management relies upon the auditor to recommend footnote disclosures for the financial statements and to prepare adjusting journal entries for approval in order to report financial information in accordance with GAAP.

## Amount of Questioned Costs, How Computed and Prevalence

None.

#### **Effect**

There is a risk that a material financial statement misstatement may exist and not be prevented or detected by the District's system of internal control.

#### Cause

This condition has always existed at the District, and is being reported in accordance with SAS 122.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the District consider the cost benefit of hiring an accountant familiar with GAAP or contracting an independent CPA firm to compile financial statements in conformity with GAAP.

#### District's Response

The District has determined that the costs of correcting this control weakness outweigh the benefits to be received. The District will continue to rely on the independent auditor to prepare its annual financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### C. State Awards Findigs and Questioned Costs (Continued)

State Compliance - Significant Deficiency

Finding 2019-003 Facility Inspection Tool (CDDC#72000)

Criteria upon which audit finding is based (Legal Citation)
California Education Code Section 33126(b)(8)

## Finding (Condition)

The District's School Accountability Report Card (SARC) reported facility inspection did not match the facility inspection reports on file at the District. This finding is repeated from the prior year.

# Amount of Questioned Costs, How Computed and Prevalence None, compliance finding only.

#### Effect

The District was not in compliance with Education Code Section 33126(b)(8).

#### Cause

The District did not properly report facility inspection information on their SARC.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the District ensure that the facility information reported on their SARC match their most recently completed facility inspection tool.

#### District's Response

The District concurrs with this finding, and will change their SARC reporting practices to ensure that future SARC's have facility data that matches their completed facility inspeciton tools.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Finding/Recommendation	Current Status	Management's Explanation If Not Implemented
Finding 2018-001 Lack of Segregation of Duties	Not Implemented.	See current year finding 2019-001
Finding 2018-002 Incomplete Financial Reporting	Not Implemented.	See current year finding 2019-002
Finding 2018-003 Purchasing Procedures	Implemented.	
Finding 2018-004 Instructional Materials Public Hearing	Implemented.	
Finding 2018-005 School Accountability Report Card	Not Implemented.	See current year finding 2019-003

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### Person Monitoring Corrective Action Plan

District Business Manager, Heather Von Ins

#### Finding 2019-001 Lack of Segregation of Duties (CDDC#30000)

#### Finding (Condition)

An inadequate segregation of duties exists.

#### Corrective Action Planned

Due to the number of employees of the District it is not possible for the District to cost effectively mitigate this finding. The District cannot, with its current budget hire an adequate number of employees to insure that custody of assets and accountability for assets is separated.

A small district will always face the issue of inadequate segregation of duties. The current administrator continues to study the time needs of the District clerical and administrative staff. In addition, all office personnel are being cross trained to be able to perform all required jobs and therefore have the expertise to adequately either do the job or be the person to review the job done to ensure it is done accurately. Currently, when checks are issued for District incurred expenses, one person completes the documentation to request the checks and two others review the request to ensure accuracy and that the payments are for actual costs incurred by the District.

The District does, however, believe that being aware of this weakness will insure that existing employees and Board members will maintain diligence to potential risks of not having an adequate segregation of duties.

#### **Expected Competion Date**

Ongoing.

#### Finding 2019-002 Financial Reporting (CDDC#30000)

#### Finding (Condition)

Similar to many other small school districts, the District does not have policies and procedures in place to ensure that complete and accurate financial statements, MD&A and footnote disclosures are prepared in accordance with GAAP prior to the annual audit. Management relies upon the auditor to recommend footnote disclosures for the financial statements and to prepare adjusting journal entries for approval in order to report financial information in accordance with GAAP.

#### Corrective Action Planned

The District has determined that the costs of correcting this control weakness outweigh the benefits to be received. The District will continue to rely on the independent auditor to prepare its annual financial statements.

#### **Expected Completion Date**

Ongoing.

## Finding 2019-003 Facility Inspection Tool (CDDC#70000)

### Finding (Condition)

The District's SARC reported facility inspection did not match the facility inspection reports on file at the District.

### Corrective Action Planned

The District will ensure that a process is implemented to provide consistency between the SARC and facility inspection reports.

Expeced Completion Date June 30, 2020